

# Luggage Manufacturing: 2002

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## 2002 Economic Census

*Manufacturing*

Industry Series



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U.S. Department of Commerce  
Economics and Statistics Administration  
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-- Not applicable for this report.

**Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and year <sup>1</sup>	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>	All estab- lish- ments <sup>3</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316991, Luggage manufacturing . . . . . 2002..	229	230	5 577	146 235	3 961	7 600	75 539	454 527	200 096	655 551	7 329
2001..	N	N	6 856	178 471	5 288	10 579	92 434	540 704	397 976	935 104	6 575
2000..	N	N	8 188	188 799	6 468	12 606	108 588	810 254	478 148	1 287 859	39 172
1999..	N	N	8 944	214 526	6 975	13 630	119 314	789 836	549 321	1 347 141	33 614
1998..	N	N	9 275	213 438	6 747	13 203	111 898	952 545	561 333	1 463 608	16 487
1997..	270	278	9 550	219 951	6 958	13 571	115 006	858 991	568 128	1 425 871	18 943

<sup>1</sup>Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

<sup>2</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>3</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>4</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002**

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and geographic area	E <sup>1</sup>	All establishments <sup>2</sup>		All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
		Total	With 20 employees or more	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316991, Luggage manufacturing												
United States.....	2	230	69	5 577	146 235	3 961	7 600	75 539	454 527	200 096	655 551	'7 329
Arizona.....	2	6	1	112	2 339	94	174	1 369	4 381	1 791	6 169	'17
California.....	2	46	19	1 695	46 737	1 185	2 351	24 749	155 250	69 296	227 432	'2 743
Florida.....	4	12	2	270	7 878	208	402	3 853	14 106	8 211	22 306	'206
New York.....	1	25	6	339	9 300	239	452	4 590	25 724	11 122	37 105	'275
Texas.....	1	13	4	213	4 405	163	293	2 372	12 365	4 801	17 294	'128

<sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

# Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
<b>316991, Luggage manufacturing</b>	
Companies <sup>1</sup> .....	number.. 229
All establishments <sup>2</sup> .....	number.. 230
Establishments with 1 to 19 employees .....	number.. 161
Establishments with 20 to 99 employees .....	number.. 57
Establishments with 100 employees or more .....	number.. 12
All employees <sup>3</sup> .....	number.. 5 577
Total compensation .....	\$1,000.. 179 953
Annual payroll .....	\$1,000.. 146 235
Total fringe benefits .....	\$1,000.. 33 718
Production workers, average for year .....	number.. 3 961
Production workers on March 12 .....	number.. 4 043
Production workers on May 12 .....	number.. 4 013
Production workers on August 12 .....	number.. 3 921
Production workers on November 12 .....	number.. 3 850
Production worker hours .....	1,000.. 7 600
Production worker wages .....	\$1,000.. 75 539
Total cost of materials .....	\$1,000.. 200 096
Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used .....	\$1,000.. 154 920
Resales .....	\$1,000.. 28 254
Purchased fuels .....	\$1,000.. 1 143
Purchased electricity .....	\$1,000.. 2 489
Contract work .....	\$1,000.. 13 290
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. 35 675
Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power .....	1,000 kWh.. -
Total value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 655 551
Primary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 520 455
Secondary products value of shipments .....	\$1,000.. 72 526
Total miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. 62 570
Value of resales .....	\$1,000.. 55 132
Contract receipts .....	\$1,000.. 3 367
Other miscellaneous receipts .....	\$1,000.. 4 071
Primary products specialization ratio .....	percent.. 88
Value of primary products shipments made in all industries .....	\$1,000.. 596 982
Value of primary products shipments made in this industry .....	\$1,000.. 520 455
Value of primary products shipments made in other industries .....	\$1,000.. 76 527
Coverage ratio .....	percent.. 87
Value added .....	\$1,000.. 454 527
Total inventories, beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. 119 601
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 64 885
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 5 780
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 48 936
Total inventories, end of year .....	\$1,000.. 109 032
Finished goods inventories .....	\$1,000.. 64 601
Work-in-process inventories .....	\$1,000.. 5 136
Materials and supplies inventories .....	\$1,000.. 39 295
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year .....	\$1,000.. '124 203
Total capital expenditures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '7 329
Buildings and other structures (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '577
Machinery and equipment (new and used) .....	\$1,000.. '6 752
Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use .....	\$1,000.. '280
Computers and peripheral data processing equipment .....	\$1,000.. '1 098
All other expenditures for machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. '5 374
Total retirements .....	\$1,000.. '6 226
Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year .....	\$1,000.. '125 306
Depreciation charges during year .....	\$1,000.. '11 148
Total rental payments .....	\$1,000.. 14 535
Buildings and other structures .....	\$1,000.. 10 563
Machinery and equipment .....	\$1,000.. 3 972
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 75 801
Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> .....	percent.. 70
Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 2 190
Communications services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 793
Legal services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 1 396
Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 935
Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 9 255
Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 2 390
Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. D
Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. D
Taxes and license fees <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 2 933
All other expenses <sup>4</sup> .....	\$1,000.. 53 494

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

<sup>4</sup>Based on Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.

<sup>5</sup>A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class	E <sup>1</sup>	All establishments <sup>2</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316991, Luggage manufacturing											
All establishments .....	2	230	5 577	146 235	3 961	7 600	75 539	454 527	200 096	655 551	'7 329
Establishments with—											
1 to 4 employees .....	9	97	197	5 484	160	278	2 780	16 971	6 061	23 063	'133
5 to 9 employees .....	5	33	220	6 491	153	285	2 797	16 200	6 131	22 476	'243
10 to 19 employees .....	—	31	426	10 630	293	557	5 603	26 747	12 491	39 325	'560
20 to 49 employees .....	—	37	1 123	26 734	833	1 564	14 649	58 531	28 708	88 156	'592
50 to 99 employees .....	2	20	1 387	35 138	1 020	1 991	18 659	112 226	48 577	162 570	'1 308
100 to 249 employees .....	3	10	g	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
250 to 499 employees .....	—	2	f	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
500 to 999 employees .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1,000 to 2,499 employees .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2,500 employees or more .....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Administrative records <sup>4</sup> .....	9	109	286	8 203	229	414	3 975	25 500	8 940	34 439	'199

<sup>1</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

<sup>2</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>3</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

<sup>4</sup>Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

**Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002**

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All establishments <sup>1</sup>	All employees		Production workers			Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expenditures (\$1,000)
			Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)				
316991	Luggage manufacturing .....	230	5 577	146 235	3 961	7 600	75 539	454 527	200 096	655 551	7 329
3169910	Luggage .....	230	5 577	146 235	3 961	7 600	75 539	454 527	200 096	655 551	7 329

<sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6a. **Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997**

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Product code	Product	Number of companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Product shipments	
				Quantity	Value (\$1,000)
316991	Luggage manufacturing.....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	596 982 1 096 427
3169910	Luggage.....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	596 982 1 096 427
31699101	Suitcases, briefcases and garment bags made of leather, textile, vinyl or plastic.....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	548 656 1 020 910
3169910111	Suitcases-pullmans, structured 22 inches and greater, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather .....	2002.. 7 1997.. 13	X X	S 1 122.6	73 386 82 138
3169910121	Suitcases-pullmans, structured 22 inches and greater, outer surface of all textile or mostly textile materials .....	2002.. 15 1997.. 13	X X	S 3 639.7	30 396 136 472
3169910131	Suitcases/pullmans, structured 22 inches and greater, outer surface of supported vinyl or plastics .....	2002.. 3 1997.. 7	X X	17.2 D	3 845 D
3169910141	Suitcases-pullmans, structured 22 inches and greater, molded and semimolded .....	2002.. 1 1997.. 1	X X	D D	D D
3169910143	Suitcases-pullmans, structured 22 inches and greater, all other materials .....	2002.. 3 1997.. 4	X X	17.5 10.1	1 843 1 017
3169910144	Suitcases-pullmans, structured under 22 inches, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather .....	2002.. 5 1997.. 2	X X	43.1 D	2 043 D
3169910149	Suitcases-pullmans, structured under 22 inches, outer surface of all textile or mostly textile materials .....	2002.. 4 1997.. 4	X X	S 202.3	5 168 14 658
3169910152	Suitcases-pullmans, structured under 22 inches, outer surface of supported vinyl or plastics .....	2002.. 1 1997.. 3	X X	917.4 129.7	365 1 774
3169910154	Suitcases-pullmans, structured under 22 inches, molded and semimolded .....	2002.. — 1997.. 1	X X	— D	— D
3169910156	Suitcases-pullmans, structured under 22 inches, all other materials .....	2002.. — 1997.. 2	X X	— D	— D
3169910159	Casual bags, unstructured totes, soft carry-ons, overnight bags, duffels, and roll bags (excluding smaller structured suitcases or pullmans), outer surface of all leather or mostly leather materials .....	2002.. 12 1997.. N	X X	S N	23 036 N
3169910161	Casual bags, unstructured totes, soft carry-ons, overnight bags, duffels, and roll bags (excluding smaller structured suitcases or pullmans), all other materials (including textile) .....	2002.. 24 1997.. N	X X	S N	49 248 N
3169910162	Garment bags-suit bags, outer surface of all textile or mostly textile materials .....	2002.. 5 1997.. 9	X X	S 901.9	8 329 53 392
3169910175	Garment bags-suit bags, all other materials .....	2002.. 3 1997.. 3	X X	S 59.0	2 579 3 435
3169910191	Sports bags, including bags dedicated to a particular sport and general purpose gym bags, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather .....	2002.. 3 1997.. N	X X	46.7 N	1 453 N
3169910196	Sports bags, including bags dedicated to a particular sport and general purpose gym bags, all other materials (including textile) .....	2002.. 18 1997.. N	X X	S N	17 972 N
31699101B1	Backpacks/daypacks, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather .....	2002.. 4 1997.. N	X X	S N	7 517 N
31699101B6	Backpacks/daypacks, all other materials (including textile) .....	2002.. 24 1997.. N	X X	P2 360.7 N	51 294 N
31699101D1	Computer bags, outer surface of leather or mostly leather .....	2002.. 3 1997.. N	X X	S N	3 444 N
31699101D6	Computer bags, all other materials (including textile) .....	2002.. 9 1997.. N	X X	S N	23 889 N
31699101F2	Business cases, including attaches, briefcases, and portfolios, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather .....	2002.. 11 1997.. 26	X X	S 454.8	13 354 35 340
31699101F3	Business cases, including attaches, briefcases, and portfolios, outer surface of all textile or mostly textile .....	2002.. 8 1997.. 24	X X	S 912.3	23 455 33 323
31699101F5	Business cases, including attaches, briefcases, and portfolios, molded or semimolded .....	2002.. 4 1997.. 9	X X	D 778.9	D 32 205
31699101F6	Business cases, including attaches, briefcases, and portfolios, all other materials .....	2002.. 10 1997.. 18	X X	S P2 188.3	13 890 35 035
31699101G1	Other luggage, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather .....	2002.. 8 1997.. 18	X X	2 498.3 8 715.4	62 420 90 266
31699101G2	Other luggage, outer surface of all textile or mostly textile materials .....	2002.. 7 1997.. 28	X X	S 2 198.0	31 229 45 356
31699101G3	Other luggage, molded and semimolded .....	2002.. 7 1997.. 10	X X	3 676.3 3 251.1	47 723 49 999
31699101G4	Other luggage, all other materials .....	2002.. 10 1997.. 20	X X	S 13 355.2	29 977 51 638
3169910Y	Luggage, nsk, total .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	48 326 75 517
3169910YWW	Luggage, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	18 423 42 681
3169910YWY	Luggage, nsk, for administrative-record establishments .....	2002.. N 1997.. N	X X	X X	29 903 32 836

See footnotes at end of table.



Table 6a. **Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997—Con.**

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6b. **Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997**

[Not applicable for this report.]

**Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997**

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
316991	Luggage manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials .....2002..	X	154 920
	.....1997..	X	377 097
31161119	Hides, skins, and pelts .....2002..	X	3 693
	.....1997..	X	N
32500025	Tanning materials, dressings, dyes, and finishing agents .....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	N
31611003	Finished upper leather .....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	N
31611010	Finished sole leather .....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	N
31611007	All other finished leather .....2002..	X	12 784
	.....1997..	X	N
31321023	Broadwoven fabrics (piece goods) .....2002..	X	44 668
	.....1997..	X	84 607
31332001	Fabrics (plastics coated, impregnated, and laminated) .....2002..	X	11 132
	.....1997..	X	33 295
32521105	Plastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders, liquids, etc. ....2002..	X	D
	.....1997..	X	8 152
32610013	Plastics products consumed in the form of sheets, rods, tubes, film, and other shapes .....2002..	X	9 448
	.....1997..	X	30 874
33251017	Trunk and luggage hardware (including locks) .....2002..	X	8 173
	.....1997..	X	38 021
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies .....2002..	X	33 338
	.....1997..	X	118 737
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk .....2002..	X	24 171
	.....1997..	X	63 411

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.